

Iron County Register

IRONTON, : : SEPT. 26, 1901.

E. D. AKE, EDITOR.

VOLUME XXXV. NUMBER 14.

LET us hope the bullet of the assassin in destroying the life of the President will do no injury to free speech.

EVERY one over whose household death has cast its blighting shadow will have a tear and a prayer for Mrs. McKinley.

THE assassin who murdered the President was, after due trial, Tuesday found guilty of murder in the first degree, and will receive his sentence to-day.

OUR statesmen must find a way to stamp out anarchy without interfering with the right of free speech and free public discussion of matters of a political and economic nature.

FOREIGNERS cannot understand how Americans can criticize the public acts and public policies of a President and at the same time be ready to risk life and limb in the defence of his person. The apparent inconsistency arises from the fact that he is the servant of the whole people.

MEN who do not know at what moment and from what source the bullet of the assassin may strike them down cannot be expected to talk and act with the deliberation that they display in a debating society, but they should guard as much as possible against hasty and ill-considered words and acts.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT has been very freely ridiculed by the public for striving after the strenuous life and for introducing cowboy methods into American politics; but if his recent addresses were not merely buncombe, and if they truly foreshadow his policy, he will be one of the most popular Presidents we have ever had.

The School Fund Again.

IRONTON, MO., Sept. 18, 1901.

Editor Register:

DEAR SIR—So much is now being said, by the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and other Republican papers, upon this question, permit me to spill one spoonful of printer's ink in the general melee and give a few facts on the other side. One of the correspondents to the Globe-Democrat signing himself "Accountant" enunciates the following wonderful syllogism almost worthy of ranking with Cleveland's famous "Innocuous Desuetude." "If you should owe \$1000 and you have \$1000 to your credit in the bank you know where you are—but if you have \$1000 in your possession as custodian for some one else and you use it to lift your own papers you know where you are."

Does "Accountant" really know where he is? Now, to take a simple illustration, the facts in the case are these. The State of Missouri holds the note of some foreign party bearing 4 per cent. interest, the interest on which is to be applied to the uses of the Public Schools of the State. Also, she owes a similar sum to other parties on which she is paying interest at the rate of 6 per cent. She redeems her own paper with this collateral she holds and further binds herself to pay to the school fund annually a sum equal to 6 per cent. upon the amount. Who is the loser? Not the State, she is only paying the same interest she would have paid on the bonds. Not the School Fund, she is receiving an additional 2 per cent. annually and her capital remains the same. But it would have been good policy in our legislators when they transferred the School Fund into certificates of indebtedness to have (in order to keep the letter as well as the spirit of the Constitution) enacted that so soon as the direct bonded indebtedness of the State had been redeemed as provided by law, that the annual tax, raised for that purpose, should be continued and applied to the redemption of the certificates of indebtedness in the same proportion as the bonds are now annually redeemed until the School Fund had resumed its normal condition. This would have given the School Fund an additional income during the life of the certificates and would also have materially reduced taxation, both now and afterward. For example: If the extra income represented by the 2 per cent. additional interest can be and is being used advantageously for the schools—and we hear no kick on that score)—then to keep up the schools to the present standard would have required a direct taxation upon the citizens of that sum to be added to the income arising from the fund in its original form. If this extra income is not necessary it can be applied to the still quicker redemption of the bonded indebtedness or the certificates themselves, making their life so much the shorter. After the bonded indebtedness has been all liquidated, the amount of taxes raised annually can be raised for the purposes of redeeming the certificates, but always remember, that you must have a larger capital invested, to produce at a lower rate of interest a similar income. The proposition, that the several counties each issue bonds

to the extent of their interest in the School Fund, to sell these bonds and with the proceeds to redeem the certificates, is a fallacious one for this reason: the immediate result would be the same to the taxpayer whether he pays interest on bonds or certificates and the several issues of bonds would each have only the backing of the county issuing, whereas the certificates, each and every one of them, are backed, endorsed and secured by all of the taxable wealth of the State of Missouri and of every individual citizen therein. Apologizing for taking up so much of your valuable time and space and thanking you for your courtesy, I am

Yours, respectfully,
ANOTHER ACCOUNTANT.
Alexander Illinois.

The drouth, lasting from the first week in April, was broken on Saturday the third week in August. Since then we have had several good rains though not enough to make stubble break well. Corn varies in different parts of the county but taken altogether it makes about two fifths of an average crop. Your writer sent to Iowa for seed corn last spring and, where chinch have not injured it, it will make between thirty and forty bushels to the acre. Seed corn of a variety that I had been trying to improve for ten or twelve years, has not done nearly so well as the northern seed, though planted and tended with it in the same field.

This is morning-glorydom. I noticed the small blue flowered morning-glory grow in the woods in Bellevue; but I never saw it mat the ground over as it has done here since the rains came. All the old lands here are poisoned with morning-glory, cotton-weed, cockle-burr and other pests. For a few years wild barley has been spreading on roadsides and in pastures, while wild carrot is getting started. An Illinois farmer visiting Switzerland noticed that the abundant flora growing there, and which had been praised so glowingly by other travelers, was, for the most part, such weeds as we consider pestiferous here. It will not be many decades when the same fact will be apparent here.

A stranger here has been making many cash purchases of land and giving what was considered, a month or so ago, from \$5 to \$7 per acre above the market price. The result has been to put land out of the reach of all but the rich. Some think the result of these purchases will be to swell what our Republican friends call "a favorable balance of trade." As the treasury report showed that for the year ending June 30, 1901, we sent out, in goods, gold, and silver, over six hundred and seventy-one millions of dollars more than we brought in, one would think that this favorable (?) balance was about as high now as any imperialistic Republican, who knows beans when the bag is untied, would desire it to climb.

It would be amusing were it not disgusting to hear all the un-Democratic legislation proposed, while we are going through an anarchy epasm. It would do more harm than good. Bryan, is last week's Commoner, seems to think the teaching of the Anarchists might be tolerated in a country where kings rule by divine right; but that is uncalled for here, under a constitutional form of government like ours. But Bryan should bear in mind that the masses of men accept the old couplet:

"For forms of government let fools contest,
That which is best administered is best."

In other words most men, in every country, judge a government by its fruits, its actual results, rather than by its form; and Bryan himself said, a few days ago, in a labor day speech, that while we increase the productive power of labor we lessened its reward. Bryan too no doubt accepts the statistics which show that one per cent. of our people own more wealth than the ninety-nine per cent. do, and he would not say this was a result of good government; yet the sword of Damocles must ever hang over the head of every state that is badly governed. Even among our ministers we seem to have some as brutal fools as Czolgosz (Shaw-gotch.) If this murderer had accomplices look for them among the stock and bond speculators. "If thou would'st learn who has committed a crime first find out who would profit by it." Of course such incidents are shocking; but if we don't like the acts of desperate men we should quit driving men into desperation—necessity that knows no law. Promptly try and execute the assassin. I could take the detail as executioner with much less compunction than I felt when ordered to do duty at the scaffold when the first presidential murderers were hung. We must kill human wolves; but we ought to quit making them. There lies before us a higher, nobler, grander civilization than were those who conceived the Golden Era ever dreamed of if so many men were not Anarchists, if the majority did not so shamefully neglect their public duties.

Sept. 16, 1901.

WM. CAMM.

No Relief For 20 Years.

"I had bronchitis for twenty years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith of Danville, Ill., "and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar which is a sure cure for throat and lung diseases." Arcadia Valley Drug Co.

HENRY BARNHOUSE, HEADQUARTERS FOR General Merchandise

Just Received, a LARGE STOCK of
Dry Goods, Clothing, —Hats, and Caps,
Boots, Shoes and Gloves.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

CONSISTING OF
Sugar, Coffee, Teas and Spices,
Flour, Cornmeal and Vegetables,
Dry, Salt and Smoked Meats.
Pure Leaf Lard always on hand.

Canned Goods of all kinds.

School Books and School Supplies.

Glassware, Queensware, Tinware, Cutlery, Jewelry
and Patent Medicines,
Candies, Tropical Fruits and Nuts.
Toilet Articles and Perfumery.

Highest Market Price Always Paid for Country Produce.

SOUTH SIDE COURTHOUSE SQUARE,
IRONTON, MO.

"Best Goods, Honest Weight and Lowest Prices."

F. P. HILBURN,

KEEPS A FULL LINE OF

HATS, SHOES, CLOTHING, DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE,

Plows, and Plow and Wagon Repairs, Flour, Cornmeal,
and Feed Stuffs.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,

ANNAPOLIS, MO.

Come and Buy at Living Prices.

"The Best is the Cheapest."

Not how cheap, but how good, is the question.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK REPUBLIC is not as cheap as are some so-called newspapers. But it is as cheap as it is possible to sell a first-class newspaper. It prints all the news that is worth printing. If you read it all the year round, you are posted on all the important and interesting affairs of the world. It is the best and most reliable newspaper that money and brains can produce—and those should be the distinguishing traits of the newspaper that is designed to be read by all members of the family.

Subscription price, \$1 a year. Any newsdealer, newspaper or postmaster will receive your subscription, or you may mail it direct to

THE REPUBLIC,
St. Louis, Mo.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Chas. Repligle of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. Arcadia Valley Drug Co.

When you are in the market for choice No. 2 mixed corn, and A No. 1 timothy hay at lowest market prices, don't fail to call on me before purchasing.

ED. B. IMMER,

Pilot Knob, Mo.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Thirty Years of Suffering.

"I suffered for thirty years with diarrhoea and thought I was past being cured," says John S. Hallway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of the diarrhoea that I could do no kind of labor, could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that it be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by Arcadia Valley Drug Co.

Job-Work of all kinds at this office. Call and see specimens.

A Shocking Calamity.

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellett, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Arcadia Valley Drug Co."

Swift & Co's Pure Raw Bone Meal; 100 pound sacks. Now on hand at Ironton M/Tg Co's Mill.

E. W. Brown

This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Mr. G. A. Stillman, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face to-day is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such." Arcadia Valley Drug Co.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Unger, 212 Maple St., Campaign Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." Arcadia Valley Drug Co.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court of Iron county, Mo., in
Vacation—August 24th, 1901.

John G. Yount, plaintiff,

vs.

Joseph C. Whitnah, defendant.

[Petition for Partition.]
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, by his attorney, and files his petition, duly verified by affidavit, setting forth among other things that the defendant, Joseph C. Whitnah, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him;

It is therefore ordered by the undersigned Clerk of the Circuit Court of Iron county, State of Missouri, in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendant, that an action has been commenced against him in the Circuit Court of Iron county, State of Missouri, to partition the real estate, situate in Iron county, Mo., to-wit:

The following described portion of lot number two (2) in the northwest quarter of section three (3), township thirty-three (33), north, range four east, beginning at the north-west corner of a lot of 10.55 acres sold by Theodore F. Tong to Mrs. Emeline McLain and Elizabeth Seymour, on the north side of the Fredericktown and Pilot Knob Gravel Road; thence west with said road 56 rods to a stake; thence south 73 1-2 rods to the line between lots 1 and 2; thence east 56 rods to the southwest corner of said lot sold as above to McLain and Seymour; thence north along the west line of said lot to the beginning.

Also, that portion of said lots 2 and 3 lying north of said Fredericktown and Pilot Knob Gravel Road owned by Theodore F. Tong, except a tract of land sold by Joseph H. Whitnah to Asariah Martin, containing 25.75 acres, and a tract sold by Joseph H. Whitnah to Iron county, this deed conveying to the party of the second part 62.35 acres, more or less.

Also, lot number one (1) and the west half of the west half of the west half of lot two (2) of the northeast quarter of section one (1), in township thirty-three (33), north range four (4) east, containing in all one hundred acres, more or less.

And unless he be and appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for the county of Iron, State of Missouri, at the courthouse in said county on the fourth Monday in October next, and on or before the third day thereof, (if the term shall so long continue; and if not then before the end of the term), and plead to said plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in some weekly newspaper published in the county of Iron, State of Missouri.

A true copy:

Attest with seal this 24th day of August [SEAL] A. D., 1901.

ARTHUR HUFF, Clerk

Circuit Court, Iron county, Mo.

Wm. R. Edgar, Attorney for Plaintiff.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court of Iron county, Mo., in
Vacation—August 22d, 1901.

James Kitchell,

vs.

Maggie L. Kitchell.

[Petition for Divorce.]
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, by his attorney, and files his affidavit, stating that the defendant, Maggie L. Kitchell, has absented herself from her usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her;

It is therefore ordered by the undersigned Clerk of the Circuit Court of Iron county, State of Missouri, in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendant, that an action has been commenced against her, in the Circuit Court of said county, State of Missouri, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony heretofore contracted between said plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of desertion;

And unless she be and appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for the county of Iron, State of Missouri, on the fourth Monday in October next, and on or before the third day thereof, (if the term shall so long continue; and if not then before the end of the term), and plead to said plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in some weekly newspaper published in the county of Iron, State of Missouri.

A true copy:

Attest with seal this 23d day of August, 1901. [SEAL] ARTHUR HUFF, Clerk.

Circuit Court, Iron county, Mo.

Wm. R. Edgar, Attorney for Plaintiff.

A — FORCED — SALE!

WE ARE NEEDING MONEY!

And in order to get it will offer IMMENSE INDUCEMENTS. Goods at Cost and Less.

CLOTHING

For 30 Days, only, we will allow you a Discount of 20 per cent., which means

Regular \$3.50 Suits for \$2.90
Regular 5.00 Suits for 4.00
Regular 7.50 Suits for 6.00

Regular \$8.50 Suits for \$6.90
Regular 10.00 Suits for 7.50
Regular 12.50 Suits for 10.00

Shoe Bargains.

1 Lot Ladies' Low-Cut Shoes, 3s, 3½s and 4s, that sold from \$1 to \$2.50, go for 75c. 1 lot that sold for 75c to 1.25, go for 50c.
1 Lot Misses' School Shoes, mostly 1s and 2s, that sold for \$1.50, go for \$1. 1 Lot Boys' Shoes 1½s to 13s, were \$1.50; now \$1.
1 Lot Women's Shoes, ¾ to 4½, were \$2. go for \$1.50. Women's Shoes that were \$1.25 now go for 75c.

Men's Furnishing Goods.

Men's Summer Under Shirts, worth 50c, for 25c. 1 Lot Men's Percal Shirts, were 50c and 75c, for 35c.

Millinery, Ladies' Skirts and Shirt-Waists at Cost.

DRY GOODS.—All 6c and 7c Calicoes, 5c a yd.

REMNANTS.—15-yard bundle of Gingham, worth \$1.50, for 90c. 13-yard dark Calico (4c a yd), 60c. 12-yard light Calico (4c a yd), 50c.
Laws that sold for 5c a yard, for 2½c. That sold for 12½c to 20c, for 10c.
Domestic worth 7c a yard for 5c. Worth 5c a yard for 3c.

GRANITE WARE at Lower Prices than Tin-ware, and will wear much better.

No. 8 Coffee Boilers, regular price \$1.50, go for 50c.
12-Gallon Dish Pans " " 1.75, go for 85c.
Wash Pans " " .25, go for 10c.
2-Quart Stew Pans " " .35, go for 15c.

6-Quart Stew Pans, regular price 60c, go for 35c.
Milk Buckets, " " 75c, go for 35c.
1-Pint Tea Pots, " " 25c, go for 10c.
Large Stove Pots, " " 75c, go for 30c.

We Offer Special Inducements in Groceries.

Hams, 13c. Dry Salt Meat, 10c. Bacon, 11c. Salt, per Barrel, \$1.20.
Flour (subject to market change)—Fancy, \$1.80; Ex. Fancy, \$1.90; Pat., \$2.
Granulated Sugar, 17 pounds for \$1. Coffee, Package 10c.
Try our 15 and 20c Coffees—far superior to any on the market at these prices.

WALL-PAPER

Low Prices and Excellent Selection. Gilt Paper 10c Double Roll.

Furniture and House Furnishing Goods.

We want to figure with parties going to housekeeping.

T. S. LOPEZ & SONS.